

Fizeau or Twyman-Green?

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Outline

- Background
- Purpose of this presentation
- Important points for an interferometer
 - Trade study
 - Ghost
 - Spatial frequency
- Summary

Background



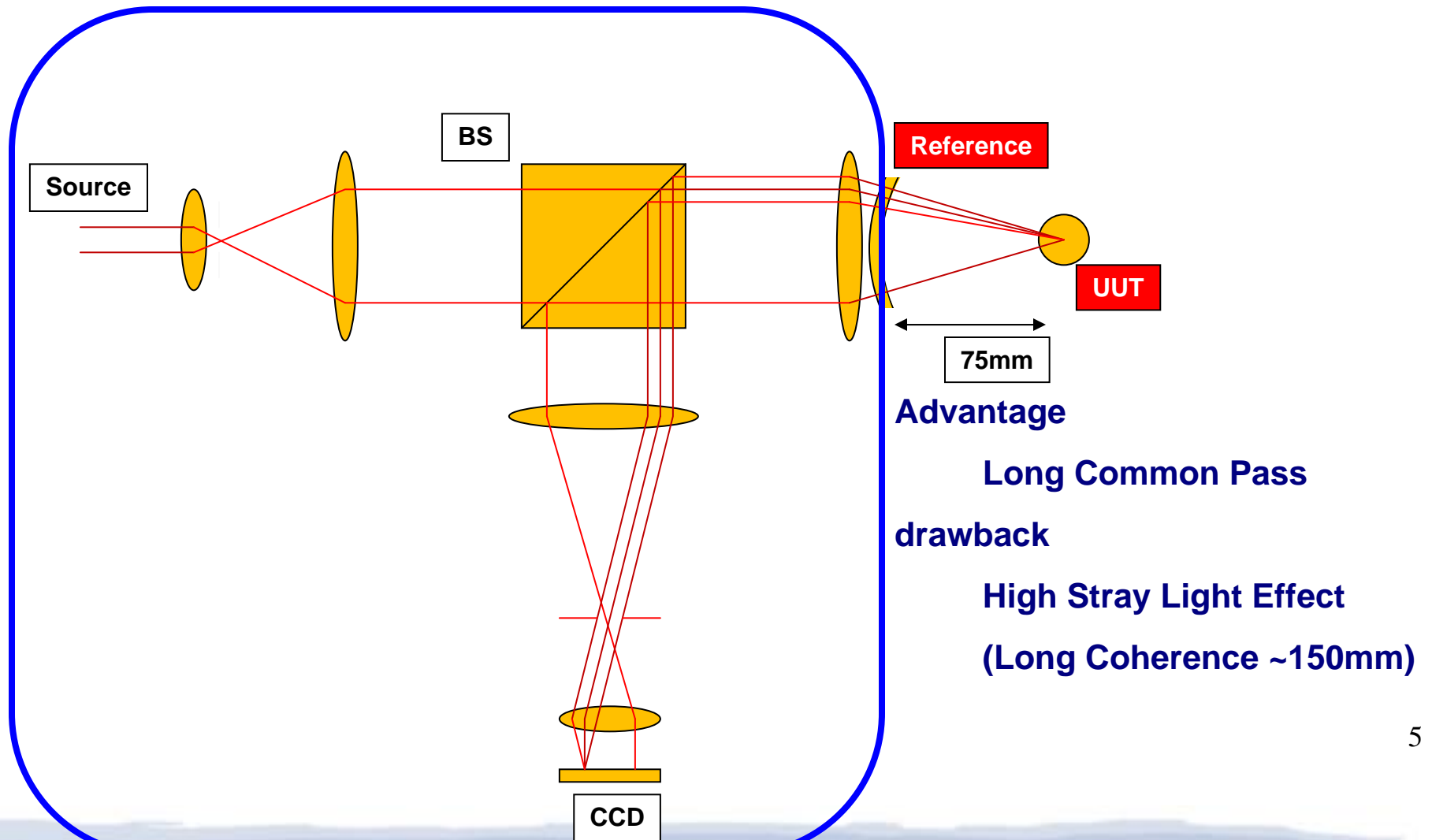
- In the 3rd case study of OPTI524A, my team's tasks were
 - Design an interferometer
 - Build an interferometer
 - Measure a roundness of Silicon Nitride ball.
- I learned a lot I should care.
- Then,,,

Purpose of this presentation

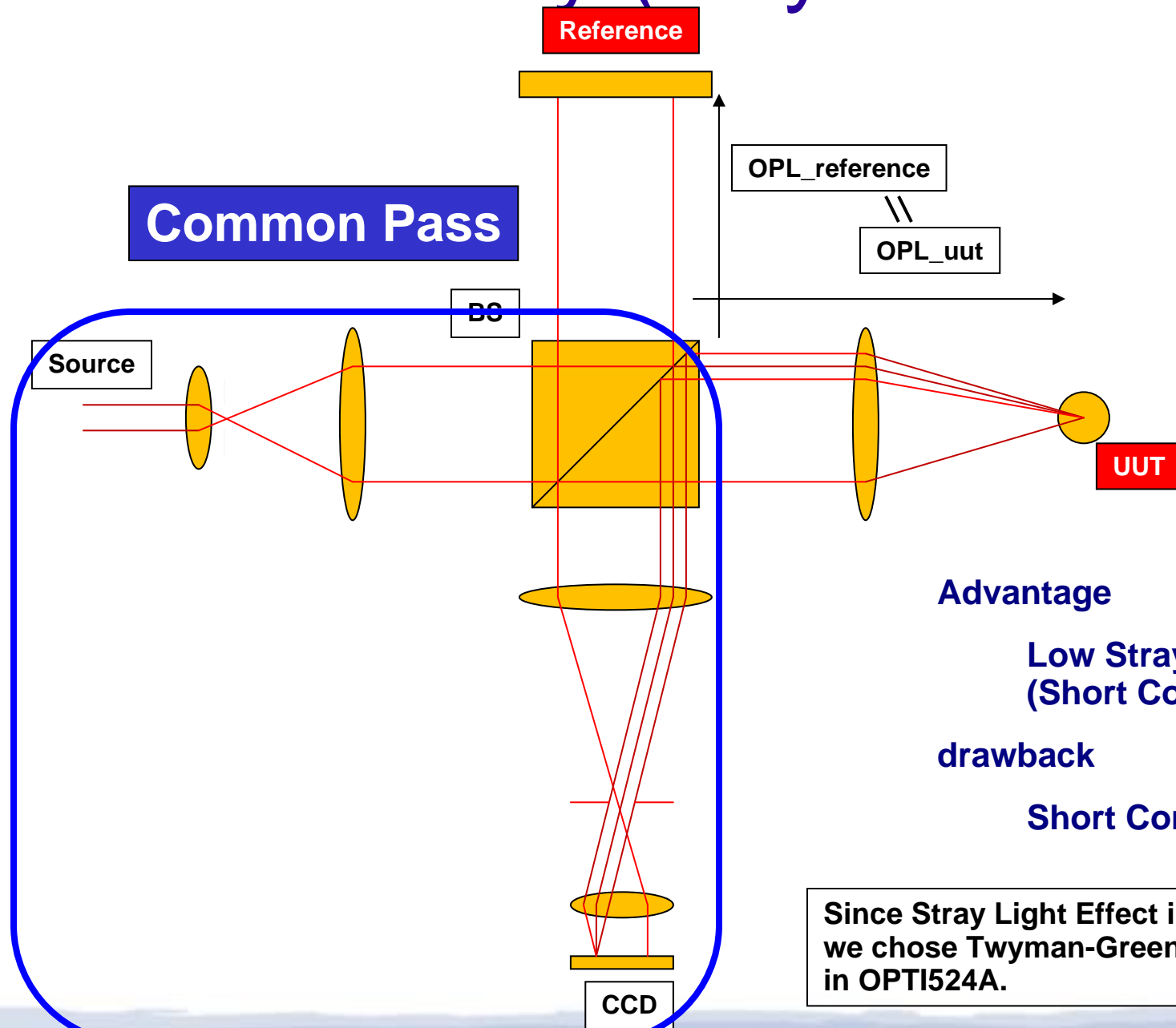
- Summarize important points when we design an interferometer.
 - Trade study (Fizeau or Twyman-Green?)
 - Ghost
 - Spatial frequency

1. Trade study (Fizeau)

Common Pass



1. Trade study (Twyman-Green)



Advantage

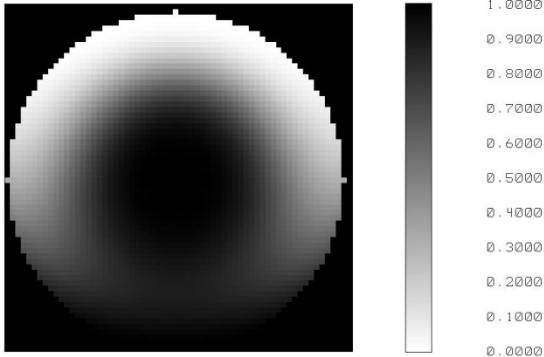
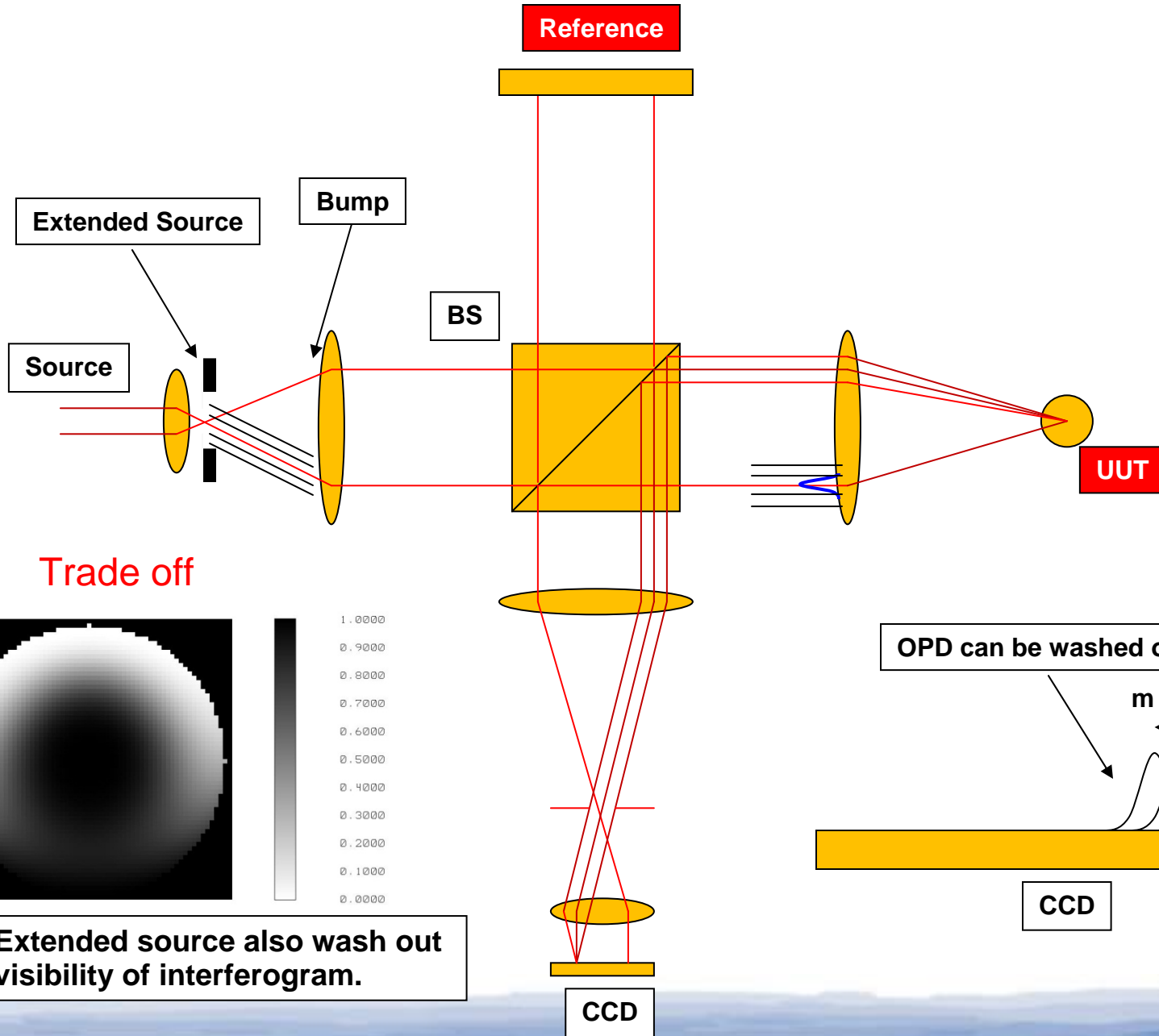
Low Stray Light Effect
(Short Coherence $\sim 50\mu m$)

drawback

Short Common Pass

Since Stray Light Effect in Fizeau was large, we chose Twyman-Green Interferometer in OPTI524A.

2. Ghost



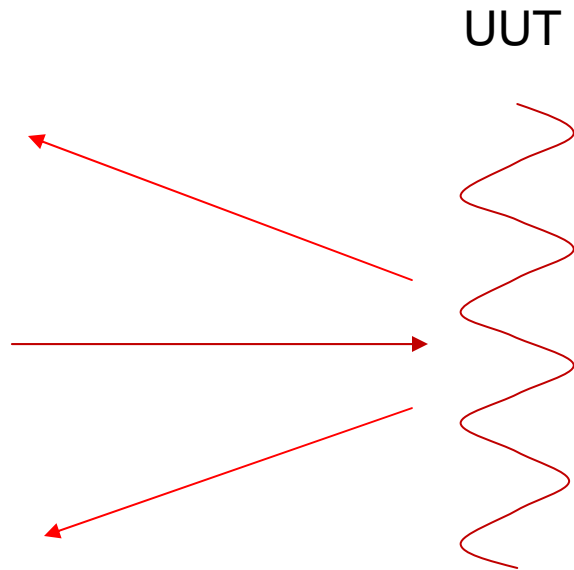
Extended source also wash out visibility of interferogram.

THU MAY 13 2010
0.5250 #0 AT 0
PEAK TO VALLEY
SURFACE: IMAGE
EXIT PUPIL DIAM
XTILT = 0.00, Y

3. Spatial frequency

Assumptions

- UUT has sinusoidal surface irregularity.
- Our target of spatial frequency is more than 50 cycles/mm.

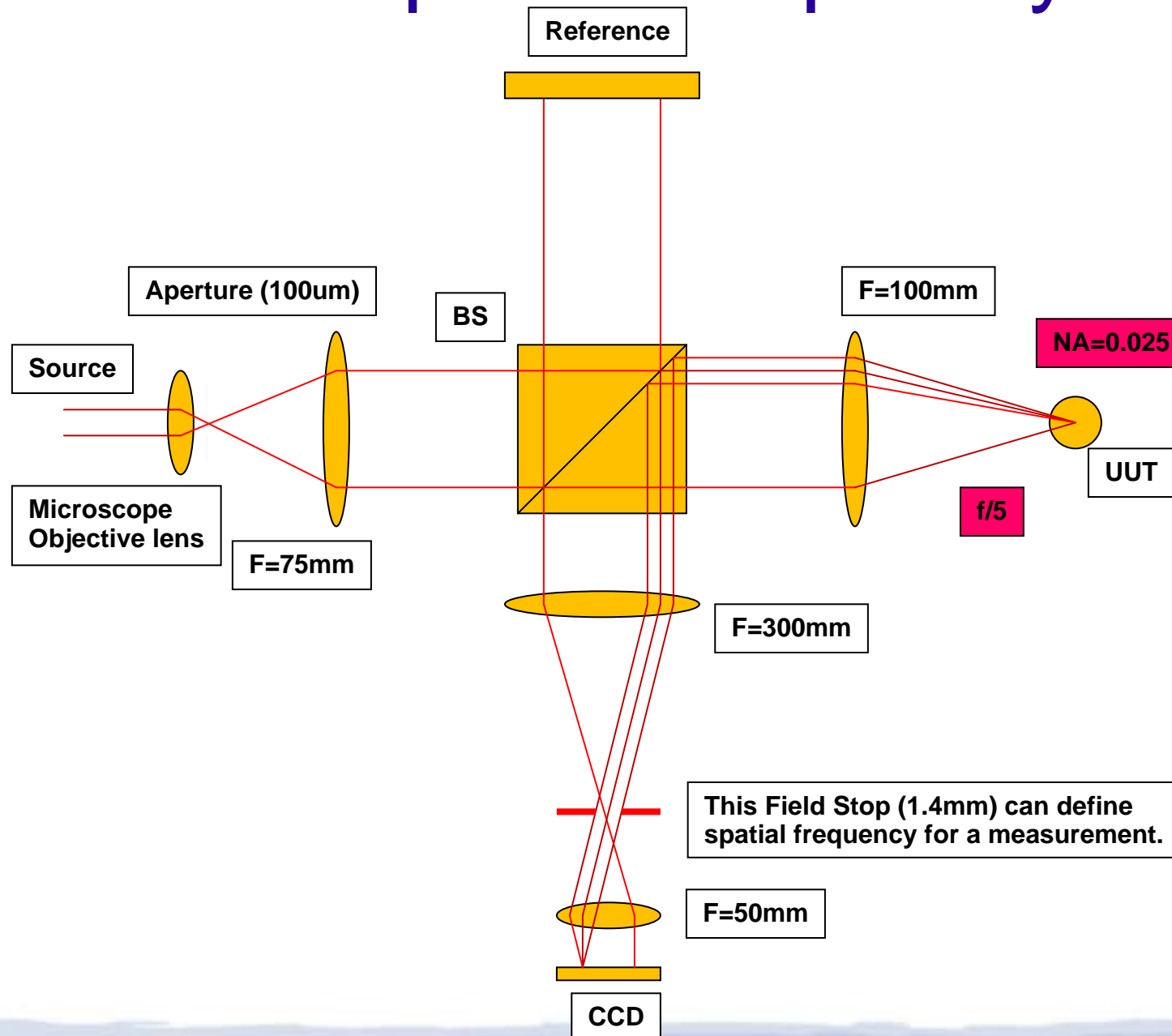


$$m\lambda = d \sin \theta_m$$

$$d \leq \frac{2[\text{mm}]}{100[\text{cycles}]} = 20[\text{um}]$$

$$NA \approx \sin \theta_1 \geq \frac{m\lambda}{d} = \frac{1 \cdot 0.5[\text{um}]}{20[\text{um}]} = 0.025[\text{rad}]$$

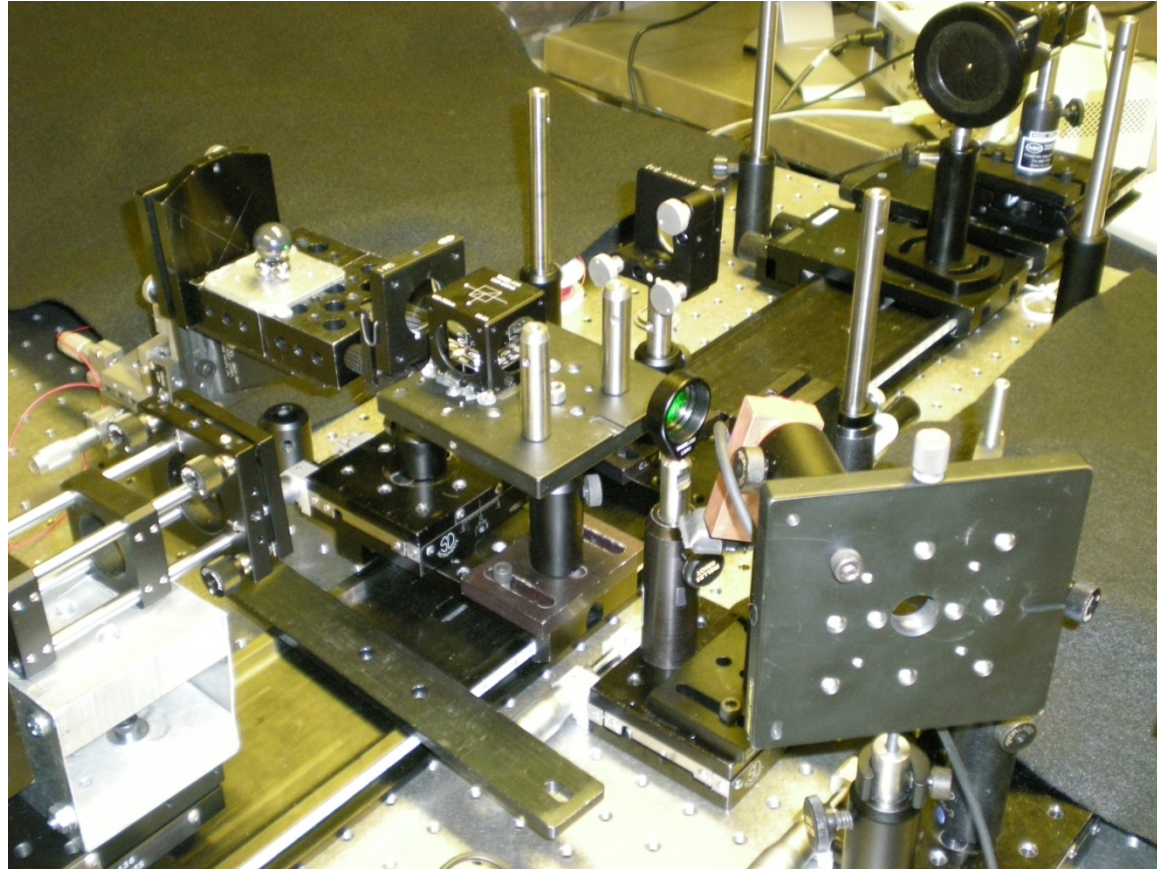
3. Spatial frequency



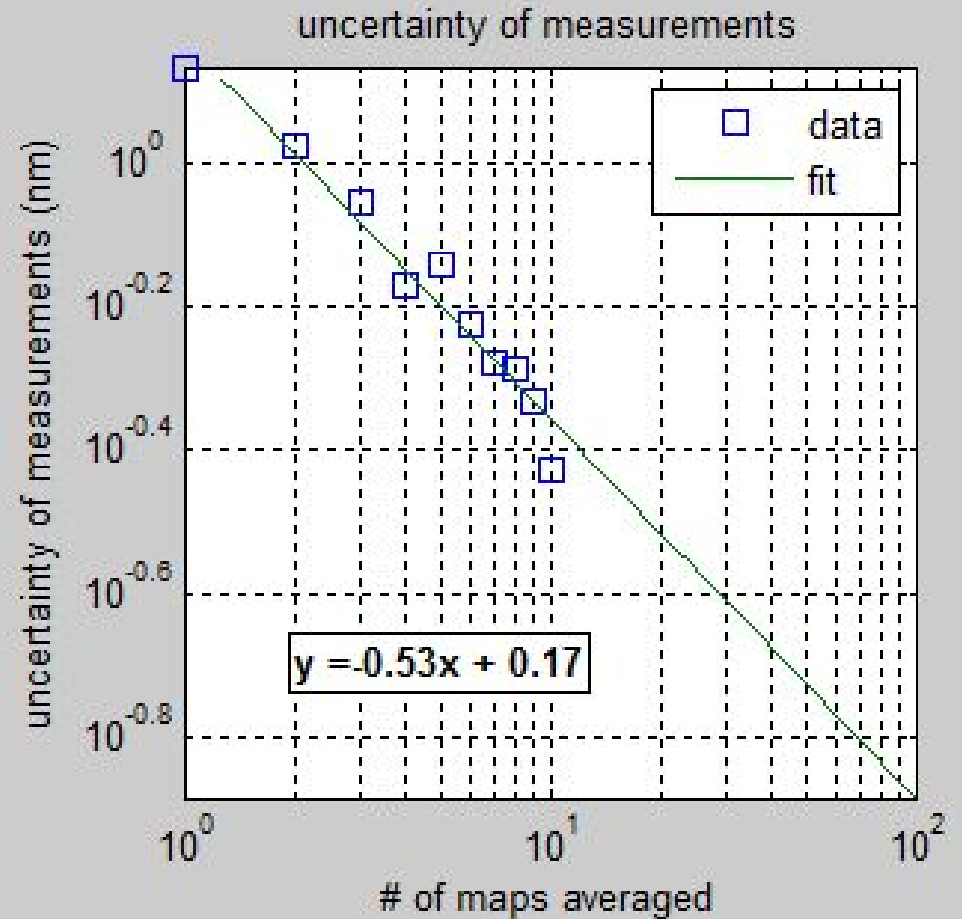
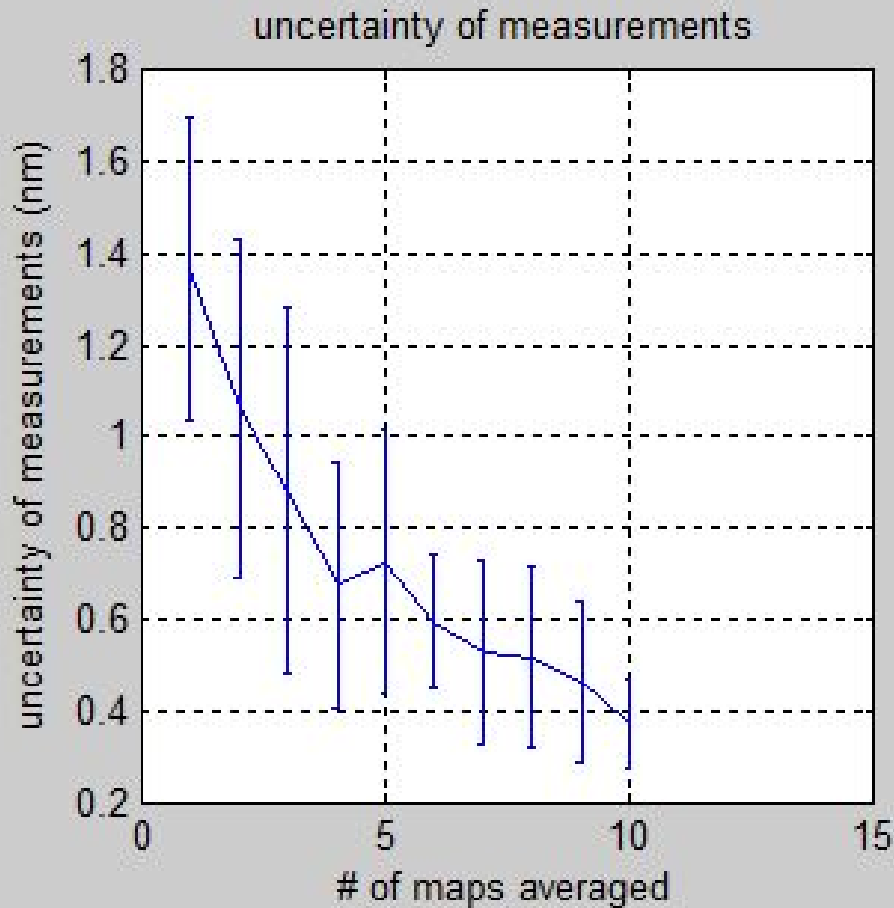
Conclusion

- Summarized important points when we design an interferometer.
 - Trade study
 - Fizeau has long common pass but need long coherence.
 - Twyman-Green does not need long coherence but has short common pass.
 - Ghost
 - Extended source can reduce ghost effect but has trade off.
 - Spatial frequency
 - We should consider spatial frequency for measurements

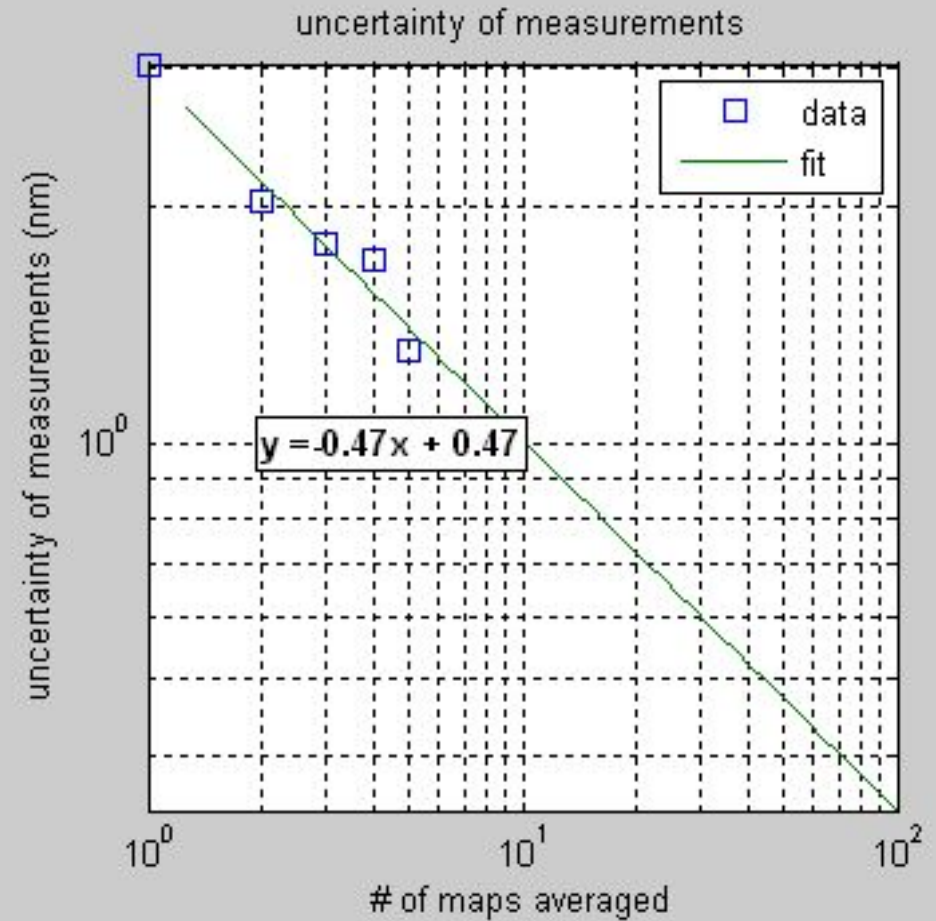
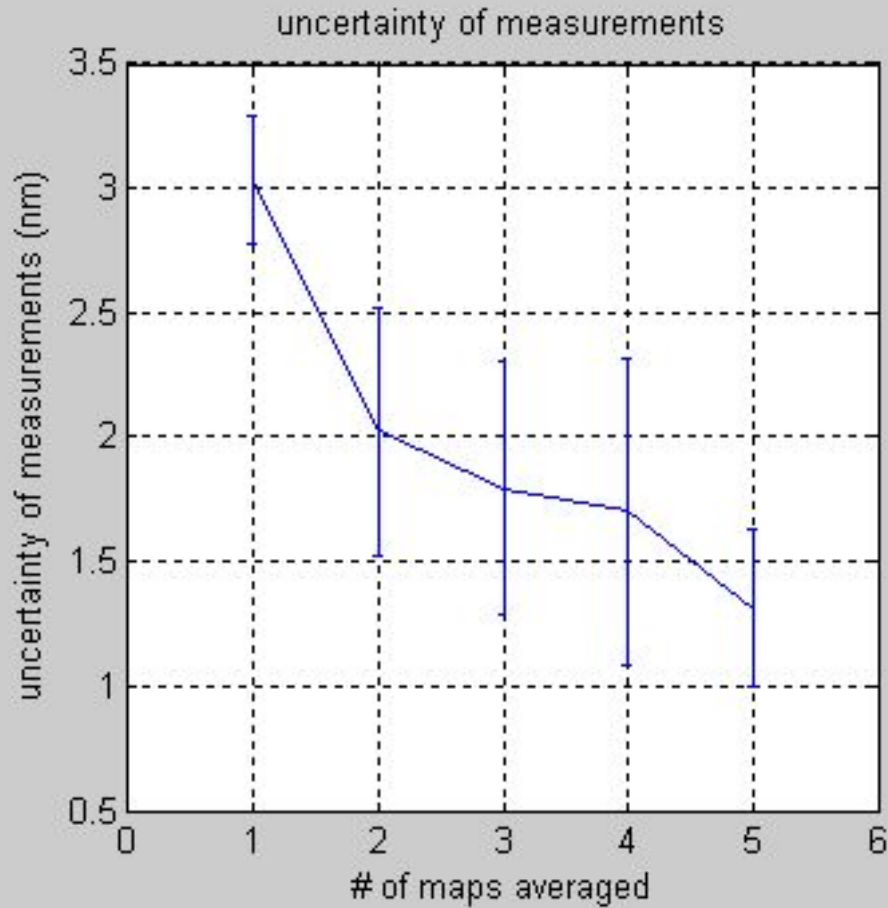
Our System



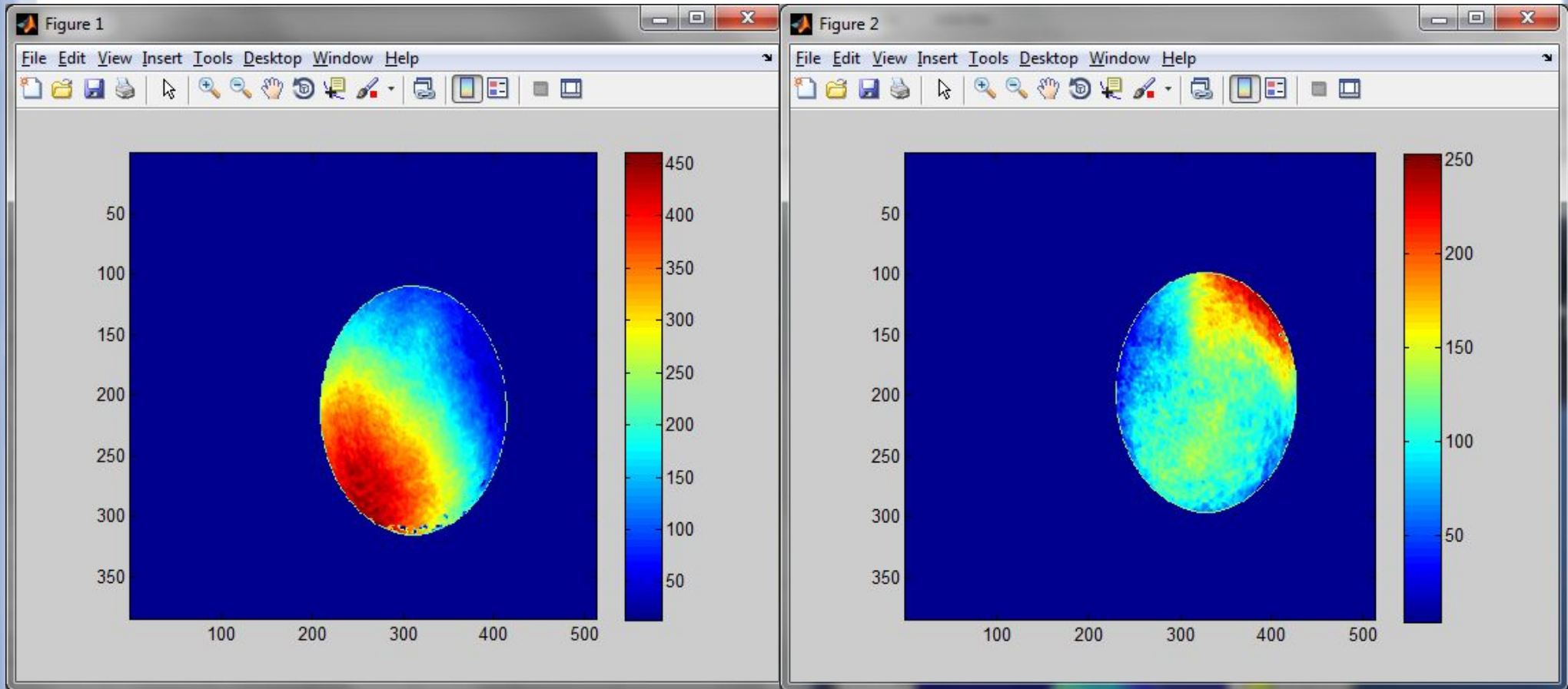
Uncertainty (temporal)



Uncertainty (pattern)

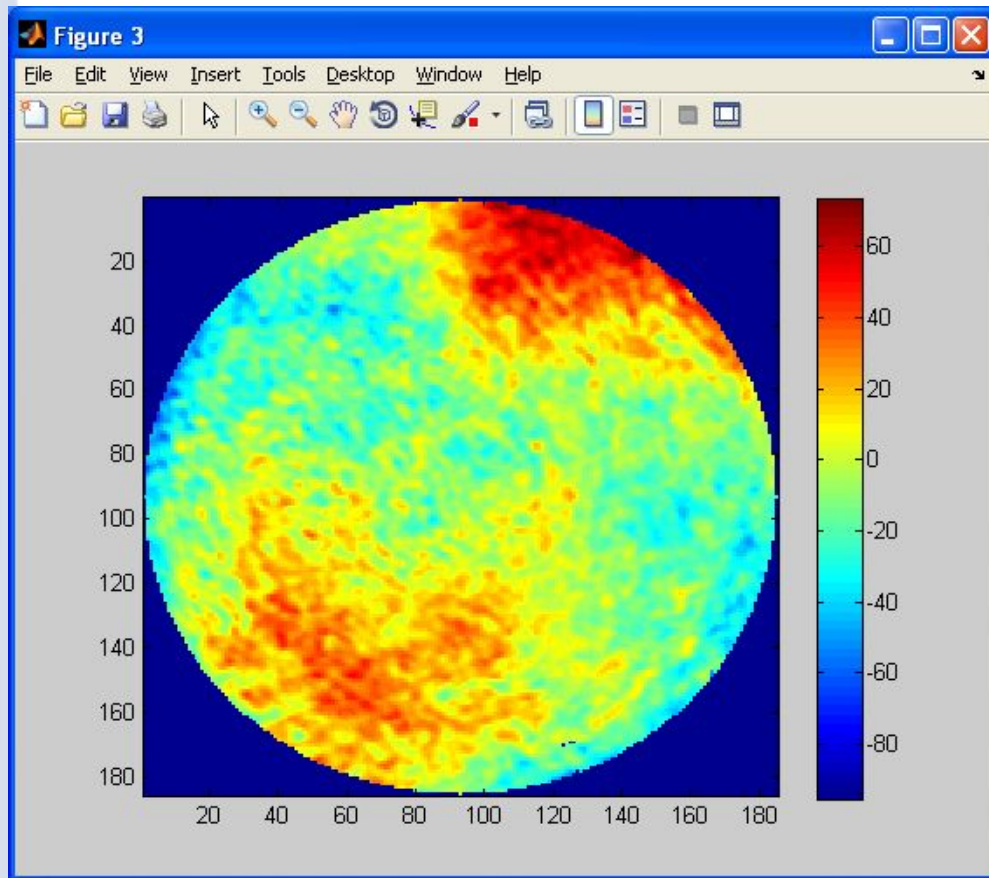


Surface Irregularity 1

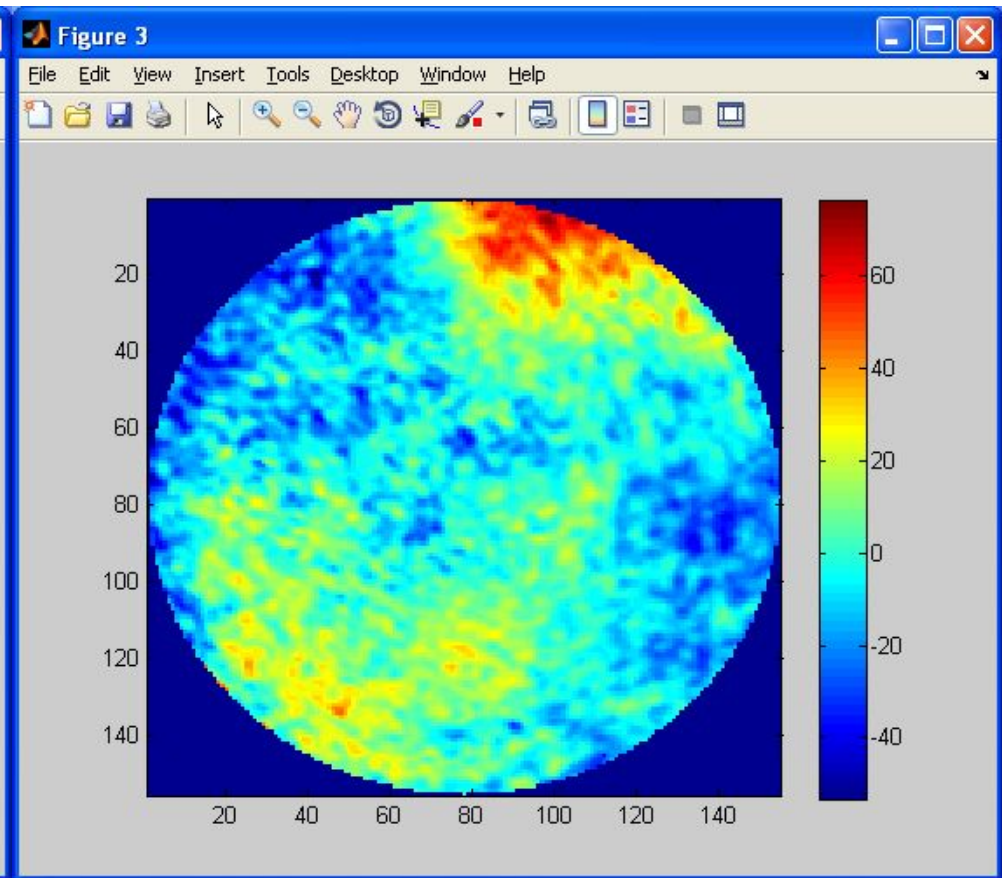


Calibration Data

Data (8 x 10 times)

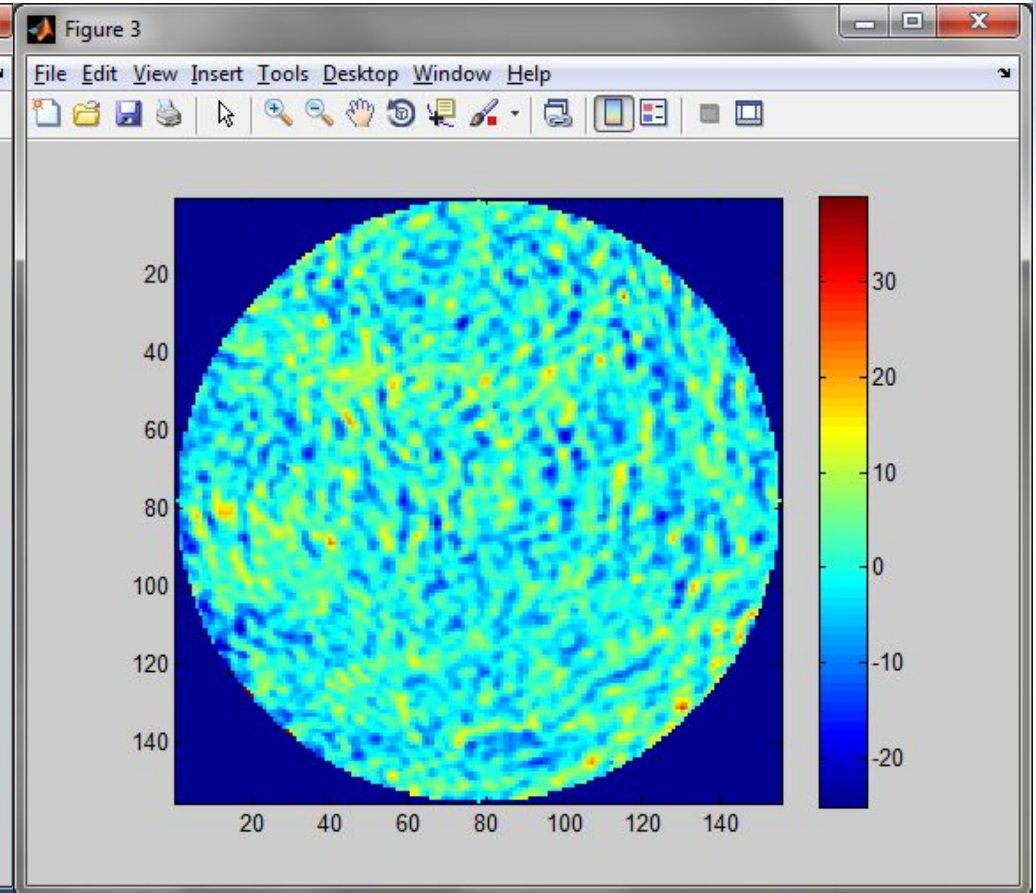
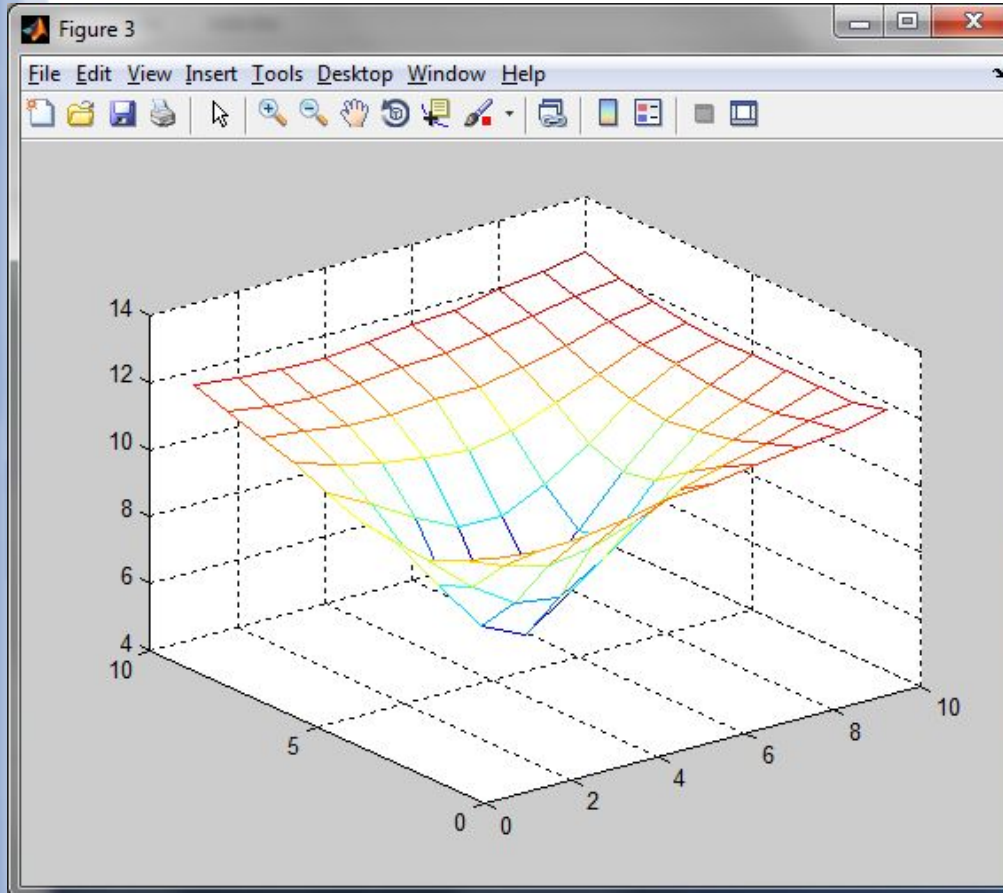


Calibration Data



Data (8 x 10 times)

Surface Irregularity 2



5.81 nm RMS

Comparison Table

	Long Coherence	Short Coherence
Small Source	FZ / TG (Ghost)	TG (Power)
Big Source	TG (Path Matching) (Stray Light)	TG (Path Matching)